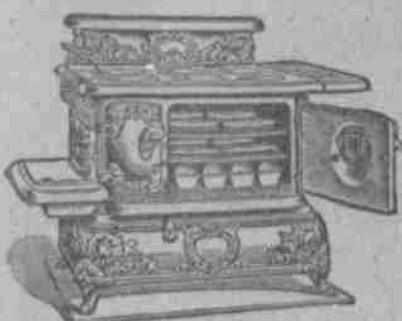


Every seven minutes
in the day a new



Glenwood
is made and sold

"Makes Cooking Easy."

Reynolds & Son, Barre, Vermont

The Times' Daily Short Story.

How a Fortune Was Saved

(Original.)

When I had left college and was looking about for some means of livelihood my eye fell on an advertisement of a man who wanted a secretary. I called at the address, a handsome house in a quiet neighborhood, and found a man who had been born a gentleman, but without much education. I was engaged and met in his house a publisher to whom I proposed a venture which was successful and led up to a fortune. When I resigned my secretaryship I was speaking to my employer of the chance, as I called it, which had led me to him and consequently to prosperity.

"Chance!" he exclaimed. "That was no chance. The world is full of such chances as that. Rather call it the result of a perfectly rational act—my advertisement. If you want to hear the story of a fortune secured by chance I will tell you one for myself."

"When I was a boy I was inclined to be wayward. Instead of being satisfied to remain at school I ran away and went to sea. I had enough of salt water in one voyage and would have returned to my father had I not been too proud. I entered the service of a publisher of paper who did a very extensive business. There I remained ten years, but having an inherited dislike for business—my ancestors got rich by holding land—I never was promoted beyond the position of salesman. Finally I was discharged."

"I made up my mind to go home and see what had become of my father. My mother had died at my birth, and I was the only child. Therefore at my father's death the property would all come to me unless, disgusted with my action in running away, he should leave it elsewhere. On reaching home I found that he had died about two years before and left the property to his housekeeper, Mrs. Higgins. I knew the woman, for she had been in the family from the time of my birth, and it was her ill treatment of me that had largely influenced me to run away from home."

"I visited the family lawyer, Mr. Jones, and endeavored to learn if my father had spoken to him of me and his intentions regarding me. He told me that shortly before his death my father had mentioned the matter of a will and said to him that he would make no will on account of my absence, relying on the law to settle the matter in accordance with subsequent events, including my possible return. My father died in June, 1895, and no will was produced till eighteen months later. Meanwhile I had been hunted for and not found. In December, 1906, Mrs. Higgins produced the will, which she declared, she had found among other papers in my father's cabinet. It was of the simplest form, stating

that he left all his property, real and personal, to Mrs. Martha Higgins, widow, in consideration of her kind care and treatment of him for many years. I asked the lawyer if there was no way of breaking the will, and he said there was none unless I could prove that Mrs. Higgins had used undue influence over the testator or that he was of unsound mind. I knew that my own obstinacy was inherited from my father, and not even Mrs. Higgins was likely to have influenced him. As to his being of unsound mind, all his affairs had been attended to in a manner indicating the healthiest mental condition till a few days before his death. The will was dated four months before he was taken with his last illness."

"It didn't take me long to discover that there was no possibility of my recovering my property through ordinary legal process. I was forced to give the matter up and go hunting for a position whereby to live. I found a small job sufficient to keep me alive, but my mind remained upon my fortune and Mrs. Higgins. Finally a desire came to me to see with my own eyes the will by which my father had disinherited me. Being ignorant of such matters, I went to Mr. Jones, who took me to the courthouse, where the document was filed, and it was produced by an officer of the court. It was written on half a sheet of note paper and witnessed by two persons of whom I had no knowledge. I was permitted to take it in my hands and, yielding to a habit acquired in the paper business, rubbed it with my thumb and forefinger, then held it up to the light."

"Mr. Jones," I said, "that paper was manufactured by the Bagstock Paper company, with which I was connected, and sold by me when it first came from the mills last September. I remember the fact because it was about the sale of some of this paper that I got into trouble and lost my position."

"How could that have been?" he replied. "This is February, 1897. Last September was in 1896. The will is dated May, 1895."

"It doesn't make any difference to me when the will was dated. That paper was not manufactured and sold till last September."

"Then the will is a forgery, and you are heir at law to the property."

"This is virtually the end of my story, for I had little trouble in getting a confession from Mrs. Higgins and the witnesses who were in league with her on condition that I would not prosecute any of them, and the property became mine."

"No, there is chance, and there is what may appear to be chance. There is no chance in advertising. It is a legitimate business act. My advertising for a secretary led to certain results. But everything leads to something. The only question is as to the importance of the results."

EDWARD J. KNIGHT.

Toadstools.

There is one sure way of telling mushrooms from toadstools—the stems of the former are generally shorter and thicker and invariably solid. The stems of the toadstools are hollow.

Care of Paris Trees.

It costs about 60 cents a year to take care of each of the 80,000 trees in the streets of Paris. Eighty-eight men are employed to take care of them. A new tree costs from \$5 to \$10.

After Baby Comes

there is nourishment for both convalescent mother and nursing child in

ANHEUSER-BUSCH'S
Malt-Nutrine

It is an already digested food easily retained by the most delicate stomach. It restores health and strength—supplies the nutrient needed—builds flesh and tissue.

A real malt extract—not an intoxicant; contains less than 2% of alcohol.

All druggists sell it. Prepared by the

Anheuser-Busch Brewing Ass'n

St. Louis, U. S. A.



BANK RUN CONTINUES

Mobs Besiege Three St. Louis Trust Companies.

MANY PERSONS INJURED.

Policemen Swept Off Their Feet by Rushes of Frightened Depositors—Women's Dresses and Hats Torn Off.

St. Louis, Oct. 29.—Long before the hour of opening, lines of depositors stretched away from the closed doors of the Mississippi Valley Trust company, the Lincoln Trust company, the Mercantile Trust company and the Missouri Trust company. Smaller crowds assembled before the doors of some of the other savings institutions also. It was observed that most of those in line were working people, and many of them women, whose savings were not heavy.

The greatest crush was before the doors of the Mercantile Trust company, on Eighth and Locust streets. When the doors were opened, the crowd surged in with a force that swept aside the lines of police and bank employees formed to preserve a regular line to the windows of the paying tellers of the time and open accounts. The policemen were unable to handle the crowds, and Festus J. Wade, president of the Mercantile Trust company, mounted a chair and made a statement that unless the depositors formed in line they would be all ejected from the building. He explained that it was impossible to wait on them if they insisted on crowding in such a manner. This announcement had the desired effect, and some semblance of order was restored.

When as many persons as could be accommodated at one time in the banking rooms had formed in the two lines, further admission was refused until some of the first comers had left by a separate entrance; then others were admitted and forced to keep in line and leave as soon as they had transacted their business.

Police Unable to Control Crowds.
An hour after opening, the crowd around the trust company's building had increased to such an extent that the police were totally unable to control it, and the officers stationed at the doors were swept away from their stations almost as rapidly as they could regain them. Women, who constituted a large percentage of the crowd, were crushed in the jam, and in the struggle their dresses were torn and their hats knocked off.

The policemen in trying to handle the crowd pushed many of them into the gutter, and in several instances personal fights were averted only by the interposition of cooler persons. When the doors of the Mercantile Trust company were opened Locust street east of the building was packed, while the streets to the west and Eighth street, both to the north and south, were comparatively clear. Half an hour later, however, both streets were crowded for a distance of several hundred feet, and all efforts to keep them clear were practically abandoned, while the police directed their efforts chiefly toward maintaining some degree of order at the doors.

St. Louis Wants Cash.
New York, Oct. 29.—St. Louis continues to make demands on this center for cash. The sum of \$900,000 has been sent by telegraphic transfer from the treasury, and direct shipments of about the same amount have been made by local banks. No definite news regarding the situation in St. Louis is obtainable in authoritative quarters, but bankers profess to believe that reports have been much exaggerated.

Mosely Commission in Boston.
Boston, Oct. 29.—Every moment of the day was devoted to observation by the members of the Mosely educational commission of England, now in course of their tour of America. The public schools attracted most of the members, their inspection being made under the guidance of Grafion D. Cushing of the school committee and by Supervisor Maurice P. White. The visitors also spent some time at the Public library, the Museum of Fine Arts and the State Normal school.

Three Yachtsmen Missing.
Port Chester, N. Y., Oct. 29.—Dean Berrian, William Sayer and Douglas Smith, young men of this place, who left here Monday on a small auxiliary yacht for a fishing trip, have not since been heard from, and a boat said to be that on which they sailed has been found bottom up off Stamford, Conn. There was a rumor that the yacht had been run down by a Fall River line boat, but the officials of that company have received no report of such an occurrence.

Littauer Sees the President.
Washington, Oct. 29.—Representative Littauer of New York and his counsel, John G. Milburn of Buffalo, had an extended conference with President Roosevelt. At the conclusion of the talk Mr. Littauer declined to discuss his visit. It is known, however, that he desires the president to take up for consideration the charges made against him last summer concerning certain army glove contracts and to pass upon the merits of the charges.

A Mountain Slide.
Expert mountaineers, who require three hours or more to ascend the snowy slope of the Mexican volcano Popocatepetl, can slide down the same slope safely in ten minutes.



READY TO FLY.
I see that is the way you feel, says the Romoc man to the nerve-racked woman, hardly able to contain herself. Anyone certainly has my sympathy who suffers from nervousness. You are not only doing yourself harm by letting your nerves remain in this terrible state, but if you ever expect to be a mother, you are doing an injury to a future human being. No woman with such shattered nerves can bring into this world, sound, healthy children. What can you do? You have tried everything—that's just it—stop trying everything. It is not drugs you want—it is not medicines, the greater part of which are alcohol,—that only excites your nerves more. Just try Nature's own



remedy. Its name is Romoc. It does not contain any harmful drug or a drop of alcohol. Buy a bottle and follow directions. In a few days you will see the good that it will do you. Not only will it revive your worn out and shattered nerves, but it will build up your entire body and give strength and vigor to every organ. Romoc will make you a new woman. I could quote you many hundreds of cases where Romoc has made the most marvelous cures.

Ask for ROMOC LAXATIVE TABLETS—SURE CURE FOR CONSTIPATION.

We have investigated Romoc. We know that all that is said by the Romoc man pertaining to this wonderful remedy is true, and we will refund to anyone the price of the remedy not satisfied with the results obtained. Remember, Romoc is guaranteed and sold by

RED CROSS PHARMACY, 160 North Main St., Barre, Vt.

Alleged Lyncher Indicted.

Basin City, Wyo., Oct. 29.—The grand jury investigating the lynching of George Walters has returned an indictment against George Saban, a prominent stockman and former partner of Colonel J. L. Torrey. Saban was arrested. It is understood that indictments have been found against two other wealthy stockmen.

Miners' Union's Arms Seized.

Victor, Colo., Oct. 29.—Major Tom E. McClelland has seized ten Winchester rifles and 600 rounds of ammunition found under the residence of J. H. Coogan, a member of the Free Coinage Miners' union of Altman. No arrests were made.

Survives 35,000 Volt Shock.

Poneto, Ida., Oct. 29.—William Millenberg, an electrician, employed by a local light and power company, has received a shock from a wire charged with 35,000 volts of electricity, and physicians say he probably will recover. Millenberg accidentally touched the wire. His body was badly burned by the current, which was so powerful the nails in his shoes were melted.

Killed While Coon Hunting.

Washington, N. J., Oct. 29.—Harold Johnston, eighteen years old, the son of former Mayor Charles E. Johnston of this place, fell from a tree while coon hunting near here. He struck on his head and was instantly killed.

Colors of Flowers.

Of the thousand best known varieties of flowers to be found in various parts of the globe 284 are white in color, 223 are yellow, 220 are red, 144 are of an indigo color, 72 are violet, 36 are green, 12 are orange, 4 are brown, and 2 are black.

Costly Platinum.

Platinum is six times as expensive now as it was twenty years ago, and Geneva jewelers complain that they cannot get nearly enough of the metal for their work.

STATE LINES.

New York state maintains its record as the chief apple producing state in the Union. There is not only a larger supply there than in any other state, but there are more desirable varieties.

The new Missouri state board of osteopathy, which was created by the state legislature at its last session, has licensed 153 persons to practice under it. Nearly or quite thirty of them are women.

The state assessors report a decided increase in the amount of stock in Maine the past year. In the whole state there will be an increase in the number of cows kept by farmers of from 10,000 to 12,000.